

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

| CANDIDATE NAME | | |
|-------------------|---------------------|--|
| CENTRE NUMBER | CANDIDATE NUMBER | |

0452/21 **ACCOUNTING**

Paper 2 May/June 2013 1 hour 45 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

No Additional Materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

You may use a calculator.

Where layouts are to be completed, you may not need all the lines for your answer.

The businesses mentioned in this Question Paper are fictitious.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

This document consists of 20 printed pages.



| | | ngsen maintains both a three column cash book and a petty cash be the petty cash book on the imprest system with an imprest amount of \$90 | |
|-----|---|---|--|
| She | e suppli | ed the following information for the month ending 31 March 2013. | |
| Ma | rch 1 4 8 13 19 23 29 | Petty cash balance Petty cash restored to imprest amount Paid postage Paid taxi fares An employee returned a loan paid out of petty cash in February Paid parcel post Paid R Singh, a credit supplier Paid window cleaner | \$ 23 ? 19 16 20 4 24 12 |
| (a) | State t | two reasons for maintaining a petty cash book in addition to a main cash | book. |
| | 1 | | |
| | | | |
| | | | [0] |
| | ••••• | | |
| (b) | State | one advantage of using the imprest system of petty cash. | |
| | | | |
| | | | [1] |
| (c) | Enter oppos | the above transactions in Annie Rongsen's petty cash book on tite. | he page |
| | Baland | ce the book on 31 March 2013 and carry down the balance. | |
| | Make | the entry on 1 April 2013 to restore the petty cash to the imprest amount | [12] |
| (d) | - | n how the double entry will be completed for the items shown in the n of the petty cash book. | postage |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | [2] |

For Examiner's Use

Annie Rongsen – Petty Cash Book

| | | | | | | | | | | _ |
|--------------------|----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|
| Ledger accounts | \$ | | | | | | | | | |
| Sundries | \$ | | | | | | | | | |
| Travel | \$ | | | | | | | | | |
| Postage | ₩ | | | | | | | | | |
| Total paid | ₩ | | | | | | | | | |
| Details | | | | | | | | | | |
| Date | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total received | \$ | | | | | | | | | |

At the end of each month Annie Rongsen reconciles the bank columns in her main cash

Question 2 is on the next page.

2 Ashraf Zayed started a manufacturing business on 1 March 2012.

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The following information is available after the preparation of the manufacturing account for the year ended 28 February 2013.

| | \$ |
|---|---------|
| Cost of production | 267 100 |
| Revenue from sales of finished goods | 323 000 |
| Purchases of finished goods | 4300 |
| Inventory at 28 February 2013 – raw materials | 11300 |
| work in progress | 2100 |
| finished goods | 19600 |

(a) Prepare the trading account section of the income statement to show the gross profit for the year ended 28 February 2013.

| | Ashraf Zayed |
|-----|--|
| | Income Statement for the year ended 28 February 2013 |
| | |
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| | |
| | [5] |
| | |
| | |
| (b) | Suggest two reasons why it was necessary for Ashraf Zayed to purchase finished goods. |
| | goods. |
| | 1 |
| | |
| | |
| | 2 |
| | 2 |
| | [0] |

(c) Prepare journal entries to record the following transfers to the profit and loss section of the income statement on 28 February 2013. Narratives **are** required.

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Carriage outwards on finished goods, \$1130

Creation of a provision for doubtful debts of \$600

Ashraf Zayed

| 000 | Debit \$ | Credit \$ |
|-----|-------------|---|
| | | · |
| | | •••••• |
| | | *************************************** |
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[6]

On 1 June 2012 Ashraf Zayed purchased a motor vehicle for delivering finished goods to customers. On that date he paid one year's motor insurance, \$720, by cheque. Half of this represented insurance on his private motor car.

(d) Write up the motor insurance account as it would appear in Ashraf Zayed's ledger for the year ended 28 February 2013. Balance the account and bring down the balance on 1 March 2013.

Ashraf Zayed Motor insurance account

| | |
|------|------|
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[5]

| (e) |) Explain how the accruals (matching) principle has been applied in the preparation of the motor insurance account. | | | | | | |
|-----|--|------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | [2] | | | | |
| | | | [4] | | | | |
| (f) | Ashraf Zayed forgot to enter the motor insurance in the profit and loss section of his income statement for the year ended 28 February 2013. | | | | | | |
| | Complete the following table to indicate how this erroyear. | or would affect | the profit for the | | | | |
| | | Overstated \$ | Understated \$ | | | | |
| | Profit for the year ended 28 February 2013 | | | | | | |
| | | | [2] | | | | |
| (g) | Explain why it is important for Ashraf Zayed to keep his personal expenses separate to those of the business. | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | [2] | | | | |
| | | | [Total: 24] | | | | |

Question 3 is on the next page.

3 Sanath Jaffer is a trader. His financial year ends on 31 January. He provided the following information on 31 January 2013.

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| | \$ |
|---------------------------|---------|
| Capital | 53 000 |
| Drawings | 6100 |
| Revenue | 66 000 |
| Purchases | 43 350 |
| Purchases returns | 1 150 |
| Inventory 1 February 2012 | 3700 |
| Inventory 31 January 2013 | 4 100 |
| Bank overdraft | 3 050 |
| Trade receivables | 5 3 2 0 |
| Trade payables | 3 4 5 0 |
| General expenses | 17 850 |
| Non-current assets | 50400 |
| | |

(a) Complete the following trial balance for Sanath Jaffer at 31 January 2013. Show any difference you find as a balance on an appropriate account.

Sanath Jaffer Trial Balance at 31 January 2013

| | Debit | Credit |
|--------------------|-------|--------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Capital | | |
| Drawings | | |
| Revenue | | |
| Purchases | | |
| Purchases returns | | |
| Inventory | | |
| Bank overdraft | | |
| Trade receivables | | |
| Trade payables | | |
| General expenses | | |
| Non-current assets | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

(b) After the preparation of the trial balance some errors were discovered.

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Complete the following table to show the entries required to correct **each** error. The first one has been completed as an example.

| | | Entry re | equired to | correct the err | or |
|-------|---|------------------|------------|-----------------|-----|
| | Error | Debit | | Credi | t |
| | | Account | \$ | Account | \$ |
| (i) | Cheque, \$100, paid to a credit supplier not recorded | trade payable | 100 | bank | 100 |
| (ii) | Motor expenses, \$400, treated as capital expenditure | | | | |
| (iii) | Petty cash balance, \$80, omitted from the trial balance | | | | |
| (iv) | Purchases returns journal undercast by \$100 | | | | |
| (v) | Refund of water rates, \$25, debited to both cash book and general expenses | | | | |
| | | | ******** | •••• | |
| | | | • | | [8 |

| (f) | | nath Jaffer divides chases ledger. | his ledger into three sections – general ledger, sales ledger and | |
|-----|------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| | (i) | State one advant | age of dividing the ledger into these three sections. | |
| | | | [1] | |
| | | | | |
| | (ii) | Give one example | e of an account which may appear in each section of the ledger. | |
| | | General ledger | | |
| | | Sales ledger | | |
| | | Puchases ledger | [3] | |
| | | | [Total: 22] | |

Question 4 is on the next page.

4 The financial year of Sildean Ltd ends on 30 April.

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The following balances appeared on the books after the preparation of the income statement for the year ended 30 April 2013.

| \$ |
|---------|
| 206 000 |
| 12500 |
| 140 000 |
| 40 000 |
| 14 156 |
| 15400 |
| 16300 |
| 200 |
| 7 982 |
| 462 |
| 10 000 |
| 2000 |
| |

Additional information

- 1 The profit for the year ended 30 April 2013 before debenture interest was \$24 800.
- 2 During the year ended 30 April 2013 an interim ordinary share dividend of \$0.05 per share was paid.
- 3 At 30 April 2013:

A whole year's interest on debentures was accrued No final ordinary share dividend was proposed It was proposed to transfer \$5000 to general reserve

| (a) | Calculate the retained profit for the year ended 30 April 2013. |
|-----|---|
| | |
| | |
| | |
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| | |
| | |
| | [4] |
| | |

(b) Prepare the balance sheet of Sildean Ltd at 30 April 2013.

Sildean Ltd Balance Sheet at 30 April 2013

| For |
|------------|
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| 1100 |

| [40] | |
|------|--|

| (c) | (i) | Calculate the current ratio at 30 April 2013. The calculation should be correct to two decimal places. |
|-----|-------|--|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | [2] |
| | (ii) | Calculate the quick ratio at 30 April 2013. The calculation should be correct to two decimal places. |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | [2] |
| | (iii) | Explain the importance of the quick ratio to Sildean Ltd. |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | [2] |
| | (iv) | Suggest two ways in which Sildean Ltd could increase the quick ratio. |
| | | 1 |
| | | |
| | | 2 |
| | | [2] |
| (d) | Exp | plain two features of ordinary shares. |
| ` , | 1 | |
| | | |
| | 2 | |
| | " | [2] |

| ;) | Explain two leatures of dependires. | |
|----|--|----|
| | 1 | |
| | | |
| | ······································ | • |
| | 2 | • |
| | [2 | 2] |
| | [Total: 26 |] |

5 Tom and Gill Kayumba are in partnership. Their financial year ends on 31 March.

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The income statement for the year ended 31 March 2013 showed a profit for the year of \$22 500.

The following errors were then discovered.

- 1 No entry had been made for stationery, \$260, purchased on credit.
- 2 The income statement includes \$1800 for an advertising campaign covering 18 months to 30 September 2013.
- 3 No entry had been made for goods, \$1000, taken by Gill Kayumba for her own use.

Tom and Gill Kayumba

- 4 No adjustment had been made for motor vehicle expenses, \$320, accrued on 1 April 2012.
- (a) Prepare a statement of corrected profit for the year ended 31 March 2013.

| Statement of corrected profit for the year ended 31 March 2013 |
|--|
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
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| |
| [9] |

Tom and Gill Kayumba supplied the following information.

- 1 Capitals at 1 April 2012 –
 Tom Kayumba \$60 000 Gill Kayumba \$40 000
 On 1 October 2012 Tom Kayumba invested a further \$20 000.
 Interest on capital is allowed at the rate of 5% per annum.
- 2 Gill Kayumba was entitled to an annual partnership salary of \$10000. This was increased to \$14000 per annum on 1 October 2012.
- For the year ended 31 March 2013 interest on drawings was charged Tom Kayumba \$1040 Gill Kayumba \$1300
- 4 Tom Kayumba is entitled to the first \$2000 of the profit after interest and partnership salary and the remainder of the profit is shared equally.

(b) Using the corrected profit for the year calculated in **(a)**, prepare the profit and loss appropriation account of Tom and Gill Kayumba for the year ended 31 March 2013. Tom and Gill Kayumba Profit and Loss Appropriation Account for the year ended 31 March 2013

| (c) (i) State one reason why the partners receive interest on capital. | | | | | l. |
|---|------|--------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------|
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | [4] |
| | | | | | [1] |
| | (ii) | State one reason why th | e partners are cha | arged interest on d | rawings. |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | [1] |
| | | | | | |
| Ton | n an | d Gill Kayumba calculated | the following ratio | os. | |
| | | | For the year | ended 31 March |] |
| | | | 2012 | 2013 | - |
| | Gı | ross profit margin | 20.20% | 23.45% | _ |
| | Ne | et profit margin | 8.30% | 9.15% | |
| 2 | | | | | |
| | | | | | [2] |
| (e) State the year in which the partners had better control of the expenses. Give a reason for your answer. | | | | enses. | |
| Year ended 31 MarchReason | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| [| | | | [3] | |
| | | | | | [Total: 26] |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

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